

Calcular las derivadas de las siguientes funciones

$$1) f(x) = \sqrt{x} + \cos x$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} - \operatorname{sen} x$$

$$2) g(x) = x^2 \operatorname{sen} x$$

$$g'(x) = 2x \operatorname{sen} x + x^2 \cos x$$

$$3) h(x) = \operatorname{sen} x \cdot \cos x$$

$$h'(x) = \cos^2 x - \operatorname{sen}^2 x$$

$$4) i(x) = x^3 \cos x$$

$$i'(x) = 3x^2 \cos x - x^3 \operatorname{sen} x$$

$$5) j(x) = 7^x \cdot x^2$$

$$j'(x) = x^2 \cdot 7^x \cdot \ln 7 + 7^x \cdot 2x$$

$$6) k(x) = e^x \cdot 3x^2$$

$$k'(x) = 3xe^x(x+2)$$

$$7) l(x) = \frac{x + \operatorname{sen} x}{x + \cos x}$$

$$l'(x) = \frac{1 + (1+x)\cos x + (x-1)\operatorname{sen} x}{(x + \cos x)^2}$$

$$8) m(x) = (x^3 + 3x)^2$$

$$m'(x) = 2(x^3 + 3x)(3x^2 + 3)$$

$$9) n(x) = \left(\frac{1}{x^2 + 1} \right)^2$$

$$n'(x) = \frac{-4x}{(x^2 + 1)^3}$$

$$10) o(x) = \operatorname{sen}(x^2 + 4x)$$

$$o'(x) = (2x + 4)\cos(x^2 + 4x)$$

$$11) p(x) = \operatorname{sen}^2 x \cdot \cos^2 x$$

$$p'(x) = 2\operatorname{sen} x \cdot \cos^3 x - 2\cos x \cdot \operatorname{sen}^3 x$$

$$12) q(x) = e^{5x}$$

$$q'(x) = 5e^{5x}$$

$$13) r(x) = \ln(7x^2)$$

$$r'(x) = \frac{2}{x}$$

$$14) s(x) = \sqrt{\operatorname{sen} x}$$

$$s'(x) = \frac{\cos x}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{sen} x}}$$

15) $t(x) = \ln(\sqrt{x^2 + 3})$

$$t'(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 + 3}$$

16) $u(x) = 5^{2x-8}$

$$u'(x) = 2 \ln 5 \cdot 5^{2x-8}$$

17) $v(x) = \cos(7^x + 4x)$

$$v'(x) = -(7^x \cdot \ln 7 + 4) \cdot \text{sen}(7^x + 4x)$$

18) $w(x) = \sqrt[5]{x^4}$

$$w'(x) = \frac{4}{5\sqrt[5]{x}}$$

19) $x(x) = x\sqrt{x}$

$$x'(x) = \frac{3\sqrt{x}}{2}$$

20) $y(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$

$$y'(x) = \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$$

21) $z(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x - 1}$

$$z'(x) = \frac{x^2 - 2x - 1}{(x - 1)^2}$$

22) $a(x) = \frac{x^2 - 3}{x^2 + 3}$

$$a'(x) = \frac{12x}{(x^2 + 3)^2}$$

23) $b(x) = \frac{7}{x + 5}$

$$b'(x) = -\frac{7}{(x + 5)^2}$$

24) $c(x) = \frac{-x}{x + 2}$

$$c'(x) = \frac{-2}{(x + 2)^2}$$