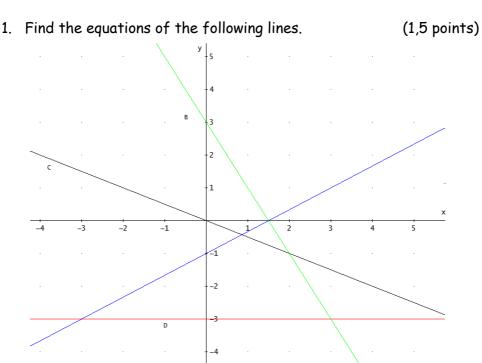


EXAM 3_1 (Functions)



2. Jeff sets up his own business as a plumber.

(2 points)

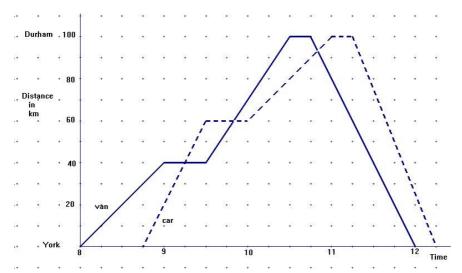


Copy and complete the table where ${\bf C}$ stands for this total charge and ${\bf h}$ stands for the number of hours he works.

Draw a graph with h across the page and C up the page.

- a) Use your graph to find how long he worked if his charge was £ 55.50.
- b) What is the equation connecting C and h?
- 3. The graph shows the journeys made by a van and a car starting at York, travelling to Durham and returning to York. (1,5 points)





- a) For how long was the van stationary during the journey?
- b) At what time did the car first overtake the van?
- c) At what speed was the van travelling between 09:30 and 10:00?
- d) What was the greatest speed attained by the car during the entire journey?
- e) What was the average speed of the car over its entire journey?
- 4. Solve by graphing and using another method the simultaneous equation

$$y = 1 - 3(x + 2)$$

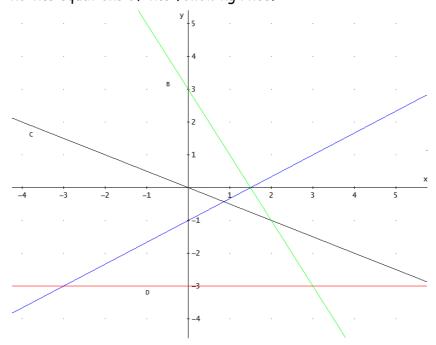
 $2x + y + 3 = 0$ (2 points)

- 5. Work out the equations of the following lines and sketch them (3 points):
 - a) The line joining these points: A(-3,6), B(5,0).
 - b) The line passes through (3,-1) and a slope of $-\frac{1}{5}$.
 - c) The line passes through (2,-4) and cuts the y-axis in 2.
 - d) The line parallel to the x-axis and passes through in the point (-2,-3).



SOLUTION

1. Find the equations of the following lines.



A)
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x - 1$$

B)
$$y = -2x + 3$$

C)
$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x$$

D)
$$y = -3$$

2. Jeff sets up his own business as a plumber.

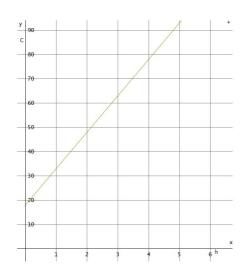


Copy and complete the table where c stands for this total charge and b stands for the number of hours he works.

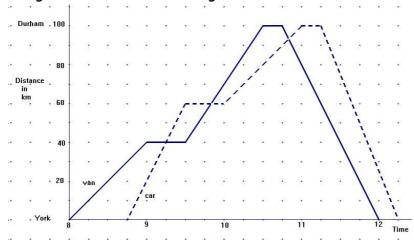
h	1	2	3	4	5
С	33	48	63	78	93

Draw a graph with h across the page and C up the page.





- a) Use your graph to find how long he worked if his charge was £ 55.50. 2.5 hours
- b) What is the equation connecting $\mathcal C$ and h? $\mathcal C = 18 + 15h \to y = 15x + 18$
- 3. The graph shows the journeys made by a van and a car starting at York, travelling to Durham and returning to York.



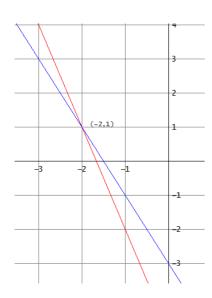
- a) For how long was the van stationary during the journey? 45 minutes
- b) At what time did the car first overtake the van? At 9:15
- c) At what speed was the van travelling between 09:30 and 10:00? 60km/h
- d) What was the greatest speed attained by the car during the entire journey? 100 km/h
- e) What was the average speed of the car over its entire journey?73,3km/h
- 4. Solve by graphing and using another method the simultaneous equation

$$y = 1 - 3(x + 2)$$

$$2x + y + 3 = 0$$
By graphing:
$$\begin{cases} y = -3x - 5 \\ y = -2x - 3 \end{cases}$$

By substitution:

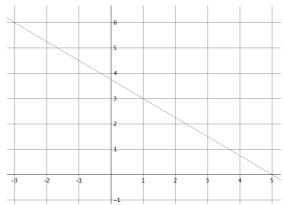




$$\begin{cases} y = -3x - 5 \\ y = -2x - 3 \end{cases} \rightarrow -3x - 5 = -2x - 3$$
$$-3x + 2x = -3 + 5 \rightarrow -x = 2 \rightarrow x = -2$$
$$x = -2 \rightarrow y = 1 \rightarrow Solution : (-2,1)$$

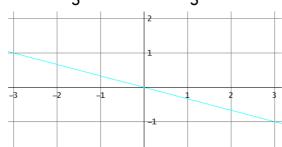
- 5. Work out the equations of the following lines and sketch them:
 - a) The line joining these points: A(-3,6), B(5,0).

$$m = \frac{0-6}{5+3} = -\frac{3}{4} \rightarrow y - 0 = -\frac{3}{4}(x-5) \rightarrow y = -\frac{3}{4}x + \frac{15}{4}$$



b) The line passes through (3,-1) and a slope of $-\frac{1}{3}$.

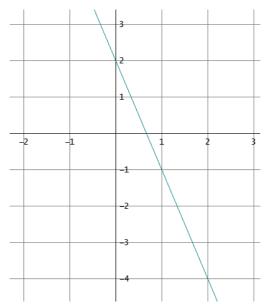
$$y+1 = -\frac{1}{3}(x-3) \rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{3}x+1-1 \rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{3}x$$



c) The line passes through (2,-4) and cuts the y-axis in 2.

$$n=2 \rightarrow y=mx+2 \rightarrow -4=2m+2 \rightarrow m=-3 \rightarrow y=-3x+2$$





The line parallel to the x-axis and passes through in the point (-2,-3). $m=0 \to y=-3$ d)

$$m = 0 \rightarrow y = -3$$

