What's your favorite animal?

Match the animals with their names.



GRAMMAR EXPLANATION

ADJECTIVES

They describe or give information about nouns or pronouns. We never pluralize them. Example:

Butterflies are beautiful.

They are divided into short and long adjectives.

COMPARATIVE

They are used to show what quality one thing has more or less than the other. Example:

An ant is <u>smaller than</u> a snail. (Short adjective)

A tiger is <u>more dangerous than</u> a cat. (Long adjective)

SUPERLATIVES

The superlative form is used to say what thing or person has the most of a particular quality. Example:

People say that the gorilla is the biggest animal in the world. (Short adjective)

I think that the most dangerous animal is the lion. (Long adjective)

But there are irregular adjectives that change when using a comparative or a superlative form. Examples:

Good Bad Better

Worse

The best

The worst

Far

Further/Farther

The furthest/ the farthest

Complete the chart with the missing form: adjective, comparative or superlative.			
Adjective	Comparative	Superlative	
Fast			
	Shorter		
colorful			
		the most peaceful	
	bigger		
	More intelligent		
		The most dangerous	

Use the word in brackets to	complete the sentence superlative.	es with an adjective,	comparative or
1. The ant is	(small) than the snail.		
2. The (d	angerous) animal is the l	lion.	
3. I love cats because they are v	very	(quiet).	
4. Do you think dolphins are the		_ (intelligent) animals?	
5. The cheetah is	(fast) than the lior	ι.	
6. A bee is	(big) than an ant.		
7. The giraffe is	(tall)		
8. Kim likes parrots. They are ve	ry	(colorful).	
9. Lucy doesn't want to have a po animals in the entire world.	arrot at home. She thinl	ks they are the	(noisy)
10. Squirrels are	(agile). They move v	ery	(fast).
11. The (i	near) zoo in my town is (about six hours.	
12. My mom hates spiders. She s	ays they are	(ugly).	
13. Toucans are the	(colorf	ul) birds.	
14. Karen has a lizard and she sa	ys that it is	(quiet) than his	parrot.