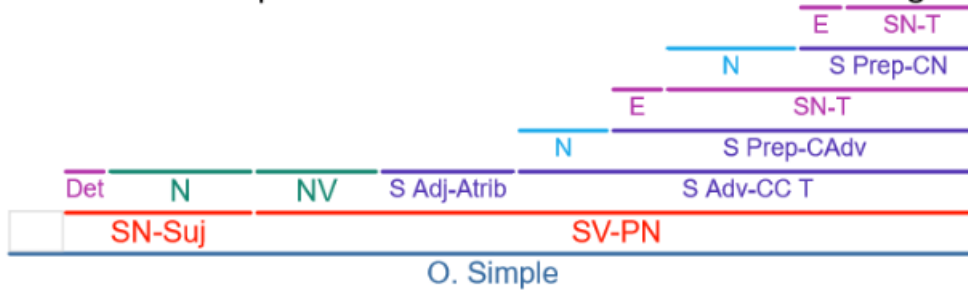
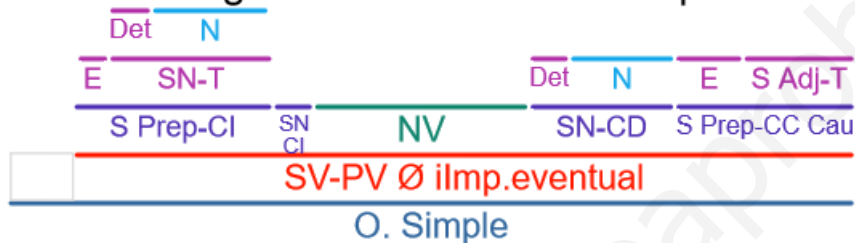


Mi hermana parecía enferma antes del examen de Lengua.



A tu amigo le han robado el móvil por tonto.



Por desgracia, fue fichada por la policía tras el incidente.



Se vende una finca con jardín en la calle Albarderos.

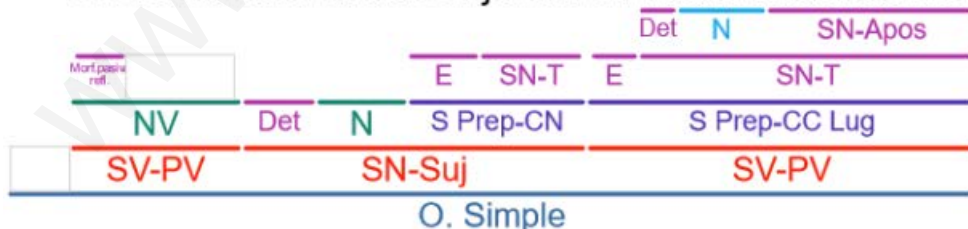


Diagram illustrating the structure of a sentence in the O. Simple (Overt Subject) form:

The sentence structure is shown as a sequence of components:

- Morf. voz media** (Morphological voice/aspect)
- NV** (Verb Nucleus)
- S Adv-CC Cant** (Subject with Adverbial Clause and Cant)
- Det** (Determiner)
- N** (Noun)
- E** (Enclitic)
- SN-T** (Subject Nucleus with Tense)
- S Prep-CRég** (Subject with Prepositional Clause and Régime)
- SV-PV Ø** (Verb Nucleus with Prepositional Clause and Régime, marked as empty)
- O. Simple** (Overt Subject)

Diagram illustrating the hierarchical structure of a sentence (O. Simple) with various syntactic components and their relationships:

- SN** (Subject Noun Phrase) is the root structure, consisting of **Suj** (Subject) and **Tú** (Object).
- NV** (Verb Noun Phrase) is a component of the SN, consisting of **S Adj** (Subject Adjective) and **CPvo del CD** (Complementizer Phrase of the Complementizer).
- SV-PV Ø** (Verb Phrase) is the main predicate, consisting of **O. Simple** (Simple Object).
- Det S Adj-CN** (Determiner Subject Adjective Complementizer Noun) is a component of the NV, consisting of **Det** (Determiner), **S Adj** (Subject Adjective), and **N** (Noun).
- N** (Noun) is a component of the NV, consisting of **S Adj-CN** (Subject Adjective Complementizer Noun).
- S Adj-CN** (Subject Adjective Complementizer Noun) is a component of the NV, consisting of **S Adj** (Subject Adjective) and **N** (Noun).
- SN-CD** (Subject Noun Complementizer) is a component of the NV, consisting of **S Adj-CN** (Subject Adjective Complementizer Noun) and **N** (Noun).
- S Prep-CN** (Subject Preposition Complementizer Noun) is a component of the NV, consisting of **S Adj-CN** (Subject Adjective Complementizer Noun) and **N** (Noun).
- SN-T** (Subject Noun Complementizer) is a component of the NV, consisting of **S Adj-CN** (Subject Adjective Complementizer Noun) and **N** (Noun).
- S Adj-CN** (Subject Adjective Complementizer Noun) is a component of the NV, consisting of **S Adj** (Subject Adjective) and **N** (Noun).
- N** (Noun) is a component of the NV, consisting of **S Adj-CN** (Subject Adjective Complementizer Noun).
- E** (End) is a component of the NV, consisting of **S Adj-CN** (Subject Adjective Complementizer Noun) and **N** (Noun).
- N** (Noun) is a component of the NV, consisting of **S Adj-CN** (Subject Adjective Complementizer Noun).
- S Adj-CN** (Subject Adjective Complementizer Noun) is a component of the NV, consisting of **S Adj** (Subject Adjective) and **N** (Noun).

O. Simple

O. Simple

O. Simple

Diagram illustrating the structure of a simple sentence (O. Simple) with various grammatical components and their relationships:

- Top Level:** Det N (blue), E SN-T (purple), E SN-T (purple), N S Adj-CN (purple), S Adj-CN (purple).
- Second Level:** E SN-T (purple), Det N S Prep-CN S Adj-CN (purple), Det N S Prep-CN (purple), E SN-T (purple).
- Third Level:** S Prep-CC Lug (purple), NV (green), SN-CD (purple), Nk (purple), SN-CD (purple).
- Bottom Level:** SV-PV (red), O. Simple (blue).

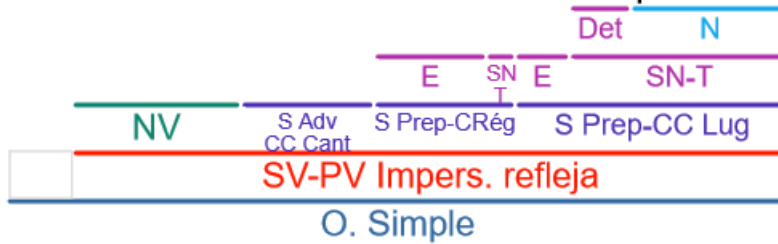
O. Simple

SV-PV Ø

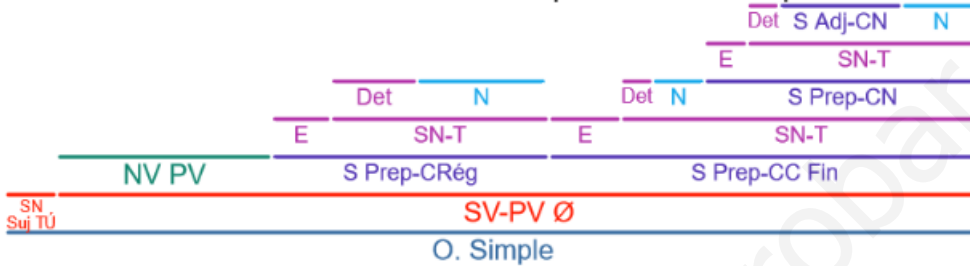
O. Simple

SV-PV Impersonal gramat.

Se habla mucho sobre ti en los pasillos.



Puedes contar con todas nosotras para la rifa de la próxima feria.



¿A quiénes les faltan ejercicios sin soluciones?



¿Por qué camino tenemos que ir solos todos los excursionistas del Bosco?



¡Se tomó Tino, mi mejor amigo, un frasco entero de gominolas con muchísima azúcar!

