UNIT 9

Prepositions

A gargoyle looks down over the city and the Seine River in Paris, France.

1

BBBBB

H JIAH

OBJECTIVES Grammar: To learn about prepositions

Vocabulary and Spelling: To study common words with the sound of <u>o</u> in hell<u>o</u> Writing: To write about things to see and do in your city

đ

-

I

dille

Π

-

-

100 EU

II II

I

.

T LELIN

fi

H

Π

H

I I

. .

Can you write about things to see and do in your city?

計

Grammar for Writing



The man is **on** a mountain **in** Switzerland.

What Is a Preposition?

- ✓ A preposition is a word that shows the relationship between a noun and other words in the sentence.
- Common Prepositions include:
 - after from of to before in on with
- ✓ A **prepositional phrase** is a preposition and its noun (or pronoun) object.

after my <u>class</u>	in <u>Japan</u>	with my <u>best friend</u>
prep + object	prep + object	prep + object

Prepositions often answer where, when, or how.

where?	We live in Tokyo. Our apartment is near a big park.
when?	I was born in 1992 . I was born on May 2nd .
how?	He likes to write with a blue pen . He likes to work by himself.

20 Prepositions You Need to Know*			
1. of	What is the name of your book?		
2. to	I go to the park once a week.		
3. inPLACE: We live in China. TIME: I was born in September.4. forThis clock is a gift for you.			
		5. with	I go to the store with my mother.
6. on	PLACE : The pencils are on the table. <u>TIME</u>: I work on Monday.		
7. at	PLACE : My sister works at Union Bank. <u>TIME</u>: She starts her job at 9 a.m.		
8. by	We live by the river.		
9. from	I am from San Francisco.		
10. up	This bus goes up that mountain.		
11. about This story is about two people.			
12. than	Gold is more expensive than silver.		
13. after We study after school.			
14. before	I usually go to sleep before midnight.		
15. down	She is walking down the steps.		
16. between	The United States is between Canada and Mexico.		
17. under	My shoes are under the sofa.		
18. since	I have worked here since 2010.		
19. without	My father likes coffee without sugar.		
20. near	I live near the beach.		

*Based on the General Service List, Corpus of Contemporary American English, and other corpus sources.

ACTIVITY 1 Finding Prepositional Phrases in Sentences

Underline the 25 prepositional phrases in these sentences. Circle the prepositions.

My Student Life

- 1. I am a high school student (in Singapore.
- 2. I go to Mayflower Secondary School.
- **3.** I am in my last year at this school.
- 4. I begin my trip from home to school at 7 a.m.
- 5. My friends and I go to school by bus.
- 6. Our first class begins at 8 a.m.
- 7. My last class ends at 3 p.m.
- 8. After school, I take a bus to my house.
- 9. On the trip between my school and my house, I listen to music.
- **10.** I eat dinner with my family at 7 p.m.
- 11. Before dinner, I usually study.
- 12. On Monday and Friday, I study from 4 p.m. to 7 p.m.
- 13. On some days, I study after dinner, too.
- 14. I study more on Monday than any other day.

at, on, in: Three Common **Prepositions of Time**

- Common prepositions of time are at, on, and in.
- ✓ You use **at** for clock time.
- ✓ You use **on** for days and dates.
- ✓ You use **in** for months, years, seasons, and longer periods of time.
- IN

AT

ON

at 10 o'cl

at midnig!

on Monday on May 30th

on my birthday

in May

in 2015 in this decade

ACTIVITY 2 Prepositional Phrases of Time with <u>at</u>, <u>on</u>, <u>in</u>

In A, write **at**, **on**, or **in** to complete the prepositional phrase of time. In B, write an original sentence with each prepositional phrase.

A.			
1 Monday	3 midnight	5 Friday	7 January
2. 9 oʻclock	4. 2012	6. January 1st	8 summer
В.			
1			6
2			02
4.			2
			~
0			
7			
8		201	

ACTIVITY 3 <u>at</u>, <u>on</u>, <u>in</u>: Scrambled Sentences with Prepositional Phrases of Time

Change the order of the words to write a correct sentence. Be careful with capital letters and punctuation.

- 1. at french o'clock 10 my begins class
- 2. at boston leaves the bus for nine
- **3.** july family a my trip in takes
- 4. sunday show is on favorite our TV
- 5. maria and norah i 1985 born were in

161

- 6. birthday is in my january
- 7. i go at sleep to midnight
- 8. tuesday and have class english on monday wednesday we

at, on, in: Three Common **Prepositions of Place** ✓ Common prepositions of place are **at**, **on**, and **in**. at Unior ✓ You use **at** for specific places, including addresses. Bank at 335 Main **A**7 ✓ You use **on** for streets. Street ✓ You use **in** for an area, a state, a country, a continent. on Main Street ON in Orlando IN in Florida in the United States

ACTIVITY 4 Prepositional Phrases of Place with at, on, in

In A, write **at**, **on**, or **in** to complete the prepositional phrase of place. In B, write an original sentence with each prepositional phrase.

А.	
1 Union Bank	5 California
2. Pine Street	6 the United States
3. 277 Pine Street	7 Minnesota University
4 Los Angeles	8 Shoes for Less

В.		
1		
2		
5		
6		
7		6
8.		

ACTIVITY 5 Writing Two Related Sentences

Use the city and country in each item to write two sentences.

Step 1. In the first sentence, add the words we live to tell where you and your family live.

Step 2. In the second sentence, tell the location of the city. Use the words **is a city** in your sentence. Be careful with capitalization, punctuation, articles, and prepositions.

1. athens – greece <u>We live in Athens</u>. Athens is a city in Greece.

2.	osaka – japan
3.	rabat – morocco
4.	lima – peru
5.	seattle – united states
6.	dubai – united arab emirates
7.	chihuahua – mexico
8.	amsterdam – netherlands

ACTIVITY 6 Writing about the Location of Places on a Map

Write **at** or **on** to complete the prepositional phrase of place. Then write a sentence with the prepositional phrase to tell the location of the business on the map.

Infe GOLD Shoes for Less 107 Pine Street First Main Street SII POST OFFICE retty TIM'S Maple Street

A Business Map of Downtown

1. _____ 105 Maple Street (Tim's Bookstore)

Tim's Bookstore is at 105 Maple Street.

- 2. _____ Maple Street (Pretty Flowers)
- **3.** _____ Pine Street (two restaurants)
- 4. _____ 101 Pine Street (Gold Things)
- 5. _____ 101 Maple Street (First City Bank)

6. 107 Pine Street	(Shoes for Less)
---------------------------	------------------

7. _____ Maple Street (my bank and the post office)

8. _____ Pine Street (Gold Things, Fun Toys, Shoes for Less)

Word Order: Place and Time in the Same Sentence

✓ When an English sentence has both a prepositional phrase of place and a prepositional phrase of time, you <u>usually</u> put **place before time**. (An easy way to remember this is **P comes before T** in the alphabet: <u>Place before Time</u>.)

Examples of Pla	ace before Time
l go to my office . (place)	place time
l go at 7 a.m . (time)	l go <u>to my office</u> at 7 a.m .
He studies at 8 o'clock . (place)	place time
He studies in the library. (time)	He studies in the library at 8 o'clock.

ACTIVITY 7 Scrambled Sentences with Prepositional Phrases of Place and Time

Change the order of the words to write a correct sentence. Be careful with capital letters and punctuation.

- 1. we to went in london 1999
- 2. supermarket saturday vegetables at mother on my buys the morning
- 3. the the melissa library in at afternoon I and study

4. one students lunch in from eat noon to the cafeteria o'clock

- 5. want to i new study english in york in 2020
- 6. in we to move apartment november will another

Word Order: Beginning a Sentence with a Prepositional Phrase

- ✓ A sentence can begin with a prepositional phrase.
- ✓ You use a comma after a prepositional phrase that begins a sentence.
- ✓ You do not use a comma for prepositional phrases at the end of a sentence.

At the Beginning of the Sentence	At the End of the Sentence	
In Japan, people drive on the left side of the road.	People drive on the left side of the road in Japan.	
In April, Japanese students start school.	Japanese students start school in April.	

✓ When writers begin a sentence with a prepositional phrase, they want to emphasize that information. The basic meaning is the same as when the prepositional phrase is near the end of the sentence.

ACTIVITY 8 Writing Sentences that Start with Prepositional Phrases

Write each sentence again. Move the last prepositional phrase to the beginning of your new sentence. Be careful with capitalization, word order, and punctuation.

- 1. My sister has English class on Monday.
- 2. Lynn, Jane, and Karen usually take bus 28 on Tuesday and Thursday.
- 3. You can see a better map of Asia on page 237.
- 4. Adjectives come before nouns in English.
- 5. Kevin and I have a very important meeting at 7 o'clock tonight.
- 6. U.S. citizens have to get a tourist visa for Russia, China, and Brazil.

Common Preposition Combinations after Verbs, Adjectives, and Nouns

✓ Sometimes a verb, an adjective, or a noun requires a certain preposition after it. You must memorize these word combinations.

	1. listen to	At night, I listen to music.
Manha	2. look at	My brother likes to look at maps.
Verbs	3. look for	We will look for a new apartment.
	4. wait for	I wait for the bus here.
	1. afraid of	They are afraid of snakes.
	2. different from	Chinese is different from Japanese.
	3. famous for	Paris is famous for the Eiffel Tower.
	4. far from	Alaska is far from Brazil.
	5. full of	This shopping center is full of teenagers on the weekend.
	6. happy about	We are very happy about your new job.
	7. important for	Eating good food is important for everyone.
Adjectives	8. interested in	Are you interested in sports?
	9. married to	Lukas is married to Leila.
	10. necessary for	Water and light are necessary for plants to grow.
	11. ready for	We are ready for our trip to Spain.
	12. similar to	French is similar to Italian.
	13. sorry about	I am very sorry about your problems.
	14. tired of	The students are tired of tests every week.
	15. worried about	Mr. Miller is worried about his money problems.
	1. the cause of	No one knows the cause of the fire.
	2. the center of	The capital of the United States is not in the center of the country.
	3. the cost of	The cost of everything goes up every year.
	4. the difference between	Do you know the difference between a noun and a pronoun?
Nouns	5. an example of	<i>Kick</i> is an example of a word that begins and ends with the same letter.
	6. the matter with	What is the matter with you?
	7. the middle of	The horse is in the middle of the street.
	8. the price of	The price of food in that country is very expensive.
	9. a problem with	There is a problem with my phone.
	10. a question about	I have a question about my electricity bill.

ACTIVITY 9 Practicing Prepositions after Verbs, Adjectives, and Nouns

Underline the correct preposition in each sentence.

- 1. John is married (at, for, to, with) Beth.
- 2. Bolivia is an example (as, of, for, in) a country without a coast.
- 3. At my university, students spend a lot of time looking (at, for, in, of) a parking space.
- 4. We will wait (by, for, out, to) you right here. Please come back quickly.
- 5. I am ready (in, from, for, on) my big test tomorrow.
- 6. Pink is similar (at, for, in, to) red.
- 7. Green is different (at, for, from, to) red.
- 8. I do not want to have a problem (of, for, in, with) my visa.
- 9. I like to listen (for, in, on, to) music in my car.
- 10. We like sports. We are very interested (of, in, on, with) European and South American soccer.

Common Student Mistakes	
-------------------------	--

Student Mistake X	Problem	Correct Example
Miami and Orlando are on Florida.	wrong preposition	Miami and Orlando are in Florida.
I like to listen music in my car.	preposition missing	I like to listen to music in my car.
Ed goes on Tuesdays and Thursdays to his classes.	time before place	Ed goes to his classes on Tuesdays and Thursdays.
With my friend I went to the beach last weekend.	comma missing after prepositional phrase that begins a sentence	With my friend , I went to the beach last weekend.

ACTIVITY 10 Scrambled Sentences

Change the order of the words to write a correct sentence. Be careful with spelling, capital letters, punctuation, and word order.

Comparing Three Long Flights from New York

- 1. schedules are long for three the flights these
- 2. these on three all international airlines of are flights

- 3. from number new york goes 434 to flight london
- 4. and 8 a.m. leaves it at it 8 p.m. arrives
- 5. goes york 221 flight tokyo to number new from

6. arrives the 3:30 p.m. at leaves this next 11:30 a.m. at flight day one and

- 7. lima 395 goes new from flight to york
- 8. at arrives it 8 p.m. and 9 a.m. at leaves
- 9. stops hours in this panama two flight for

ACTIVITY 11 Finding and Correcting 10 Mistakes

Circle the ten mistakes. Then write the sentences correctly. The number in parentheses () is the number of mistakes in that sentence. Be ready to explain your answers.

Things I Want To Do

- 1. I am student at Washington High School. (1)
- 2. My class favorite is the geography. (2)
- 3. In the future I want to visit the pyramids near from Cairo in Egypt. (2)

4. I want to walk up a mountain at Chile. (1)



5. I want to see the buildings famous at Paris. (2)

6. After Paris I want to go Japan to ride on the fast trains there. (2)



CD 2, •)) ACTIVITY 12 Dictation

You will hear six sentences three times. Listen carefully and write the six sentences. The number in parentheses () is the number of words. Be careful with capital letters and end punctuation.





ACTIVITY 13 Practicing Grammar and Vocabulary in Model Writing

Read the sentences in the paragraph very carefully. Fill in the missing words from the word bank. Circle the 24 letters that need to be capital letters. Then copy the paragraph on your own paper.

than	of	on	in	from	at
in	and	in	with	for	also

Tourists in Paris

1 marie lives ______ an apartment in paris. 2 her apartment is

______ the tenth floor of a very big apartment building. 3 ______ her

apartment she can see paris well. 4 ______ example her apartment is near the eiffel

tower. 5 every year more ________ fifteen million tourists come to paris.

6 most tourists visit ______ the summer. 7 it is difficult to find a good hotel room

______ july. 8 they come ______ a long list of things to do in paris.

9 many people like to take a picture ______ the eiffel tower. 10 they ______

like to visit the many old buildings in the city. 11 some tourists look ______ the famous

paintings in the louvre museum. 12 tourists love paris _____ marie loves her city, too.

ACTIVITY 14 Guided Writing: Making Changes in Model Writing

Write the paragraph from Activity 13 again, but make the changes listed below and all other necessary changes.

<u>Sentence 1</u>. Change **Paris** to a new city that tourists like to visit. You will also need to make this change in several other places.

<u>Sentence 1</u>. Change **Marie** to a male name that is popular in your new city. You will need to change this name and the possessive adjective **her** to his in several other places.

Sentences 4 and 9. Change the Eiffel Tower to a famous location in your new city.

Sentences 5, 6, 7. Change the number and the months. Use correct information about your new city.

Sentences 9, 10, 11. Change to information about your new city.

For more practice with the **grammar** in this unit, go to NGL.Cengage.com/GWF.

Building Vocabulary and Spelling

Learning Words with the Sound of o in hello *

 $\mathbf{\underline{o}} = \mathbf{h} \, \mathbf{e} \, \mathbf{l} \, \mathbf{\underline{o}}$ This sound is usually spelled with the letters 0, 0 +consonant + final e, ow, oa, old, oe, and another spelling.



ACTIVITY 15 Which Words Do You Know?

This list has 52 common words with the sound of **o** in hell**o**.

- 1. Notice the spelling patterns.
- **2.** Check \checkmark the words you know.
- 3. Look up new words in a dictionary. Write the meanings in your Vocabulary Notebook.

Common Words

GROUP 1:

Words spelled with o

1. a g o	□ 11. October	🗌 18. home
2. als o	□ 12. o nly	□ 19. hope
3. both	□ 13. o pen	🗌 20. joke
4. g o	14. so	□ 21. nose
5. hello	GROUP 2:	□ 22. note
6. h o tel	Words spelled with \mathbf{o} +	□ 23. phone
7. m o s t	consonant + final e	□ 24. s m o k e
8. n o b o d y	□ 15. alone	□ 25. stove
9. N o v e m b e r	\Box 16. close	□ 26. telephone
10. o c e a n	$\Box 17. clothes$	

*List is from: Spelling Vocabulary List © 2013 Keith Folse

GROUP 3: GROUP 4: □ 48. old Words that end in **ow** Words spelled with **oa** (in the □ 49. told middle of the word) □ 27. below □ 39. boat □ 28. follow GROUP 6: □ 40. coach Words spelled with oe **29.** grow □ 41. coast **50.** goes □ 30. know **42.** coat **51.** toe □ 31. low □ 43. goal **32.** own GROUP 7: □ 44. road Other spelling **33.** show **45.** soap **52.** alth**ough 34.** slow **35.** s n o w GROUP 5: Words that end in **old 36.** tomorr**o**w □ 46. cold □ 37. window □ 47. gold □ 38. yellow

ACTIVITY 16 Matching Words and Pictures

Use the list in Activity 15 to write the common word that matches the picture.















ACTIVITY 17 Spelling Words with the Sound of <u>o</u> in hell<u>o</u>

Fill in the missing letters to spell words with the sound of \underline{o} in hell \underline{o} . Then copy the correct word.



6. _

ACTIVITY 18 Writing Sentences with Vocabulary in Context

Complete each sentence with the correct word from Activity 17. Then copy the sentence with correct capital letters and punctuation.

1.	. the month between september and november is				
2.	how are your grandparents				
3.	we really that it does not rain tomorrow				
4.	a score 70 on this exam is not good				
5.	el salvador and costa rica are in central america				
6.	air canada 227 from toronto to atlanta				
7.	very few people capital of malaysia				
8.	she passed the test she did not study a lot				
9.	everyone wears a heavy in the middle of winter				
10.	how many cell phones do you				
11.	kevin lives				
12.	countries such as bolivia sudan laos and mongolia do not have a				

ACTIVITY 19 Scrambled Letters

Change the order of the letters to make a word that has the sound of \underline{o} in hell \underline{o} .

1. p e n o	 8. m t o s
2. ekoj	 9. yekbaord
3. p h n e o t e e l	 10. o s
4. sloce	 11. s o n e
5. l o n y	 12. o g a
 6. c c o a h	 13. h o w s
7. w o l s	 14. n o y d o b

CD 2, •)) ACTIVITY 20 Spelling Practice

Write the word that you hear. You will hear each word two times.

1	6	11
2	7	12
3	8	13
4	9	14
5	10	15

ACTIVITY 21 Spelling Review: Which Word Is Correct?

This review covers the different ways of spelling \underline{o} in hell \underline{o} in this unit. Read each pair of words. Circle the word that is spelled correctly.

	Α	В	Α	В
1.	oshun	ocean	11. tomorrow	tomorow
2.	ownly	only	12. gole	goal
3.	below	beloe	13. coald	cold
4.	folow	follow	14. alown	alone
5.	know	knoe	15. clothes	closse
6.	also	alsow	16. joke	joake
7.	ago	agoa	17. smoughk	smoke
8.	helo	hello	18. althow	although
9.	own	oun	19. sough	SO
10.	slowe	slow	20. goes	gose

ACTIVITY 22 Cumulative Spelling Review

Read the four words in each row from Units 1–9. Underline the word that is spelled correctly.

Α	В	С	D
othe	bouth	both	bouthe
noni	muney	mney	money
ome	ome	home	phome
sually	yusually	uselly	usualy
oap	sope	soop	sowp
nost	moast	mowst	moest
aym	gaim	game	guame
lthoh	althow	althoe	although
umber	nimbr	nummber	nombour
ppen	open	oben	obben
uthir	boter	boather	bother
obember	Nobember	november	November
elo	below	billew	beloe
omorrow	tomorow	tommorow	tommorrow
cabel	truvel	travel	trubel
nbossible	impossible	imposibl	empossible
ncide	inseed	incide	inside
oale	gole	gol	goal
ecesary	necessary	nessesery	nessesary
no	knoe	knou	know
	othe oni me aually ap ost ap ost ym thoh imber open athir obember elo morrow abel abossible acide oale ecesary	othebouthonimuneymeomeanallyyusuallyapsopeostmoastymgaimthohalthowumberopenopenopenobemberNobemberobemberbelowanorrowtumorowabelinpossibleossibleinpossibleopengole	othebouthbothonimuneymneymeomehomeuallyyusuallyusellyapopesoopostmoastmowstymgaimgamethohalthowalthoeumberopenobenopenobenobenobemberbolterbolterobemberkolosoutherohossibleimposibleimposiblealeljopesincideopenbolterjolterobenberjolterjolterobenberjolterjolterobenberjolterjolterobenberjolterjolterobenberjolterjolterobenberjolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolterjolterobensiblejolter

For more practice with the **spelling and vocabulary** in this unit, go to NGL.Cengage.com/GWF.

Original Student Writing

Writing Your Ideas in Sentences or a Paragraph

Write eight to twelve sentences on your own paper. Imagine that you live in a city that millions of tourists visit each year. Write about your city. What do tourists come to see there? When do they come there? What advice can you give them about things to see and do in that city? Use prepositions of place and time.

For help, you can follow the examples in Activity 13 (page 171) and Activity 14 (page 172). (For more information about writing a paragraph, go to Appendix 4.)

Peer Editing

Exchange papers from the above activity. Read your partner's sentences. Then use Peer Editing Sheet 9 to make comments about the writing. Go to NGL.Cengage.com/GWF. There is a sample in Appendix 3.

For more practice with the **writing** in this unit, go to NGL.Cengage.com/GWF.